

Access Arrangements

Information for Parents 2024/25

CYPS: SEND Implementation and Development Team



"To inspire, support and challenge all our Children and Young People to be the best they can be"

What are Access Arrangements?

- Access arrangements are made for students who have a disability, a special educational need or a temporary injury that *significantly* affects them in assessments.
- They are the principal way that the awarding bodies make reasonable adjustments to ensure that a candidate who is disabled is not substantially disadvantaged compared to a candidate who is not disabled.
- The process is usually managed in school by the Special Educational Needs Co-ordinator (SENCo/LSC).







How are Access Arrangements allocated for External Exams?

- The Joint Council for Qualifications (JCQ) publish regulations every year, for schools and colleges, to make sure that access arrangements are appropriate and consistent.
- Pupils identified as having significant learning difficulties are normally assessed by the SENCO/LSC in school to determine if an application can be made for access arrangements.
- SENCOs/LSC's who can conduct assessments have undergone rigorous specialist training and are qualified to carry out the required JCQ assessments.
- Test evidence is needed for some access arrangements that need to be applied for and approved before they can be used in external exams (GCSE & A Levels).

JCQ does not accept the scores of private reports, solely to apply for access arrangements.





When are Access Arrangements organised?

- Access Arrangements must be agreed before assessments and exams.
- JCQ issues deadlines for schools having arrangements processed and approved.







Guidance that governs Access Arrangements for schools

- Access arrangements do not change the skills or knowledge being tested.
- Access arrangements must not give an unfair advantage to those who receive them.
- There are a variety of access arrangements that can be provided.
- Any access arrangements that are used in exams are based on need and must *reflect the pupil's normal way of working* in the classroom on a regular basis and/or in tests and exams as observed during their time in school to date.





Year 8 tests and exams

- P7 SEAG Transfer Tests are not regarded as regulated exams, so access arrangements given to a child during these exams do not automatically continue to apply in post primary.
- A private educational psychologist's report submitted for transfer purposes cannot be used as evidence to support access arrangements in post primary.
- Schools employ a robust method of identifying children who require access arrangements, and this documentation is inspected.





Accountability

- JCQ state that schools must be able to demonstrate a detailed history of need and consistent use of reasonable adjustments to support a formal application for a pupil's access arrangements.
- Teachers observe the pupil's normal way of working in class and note any difficulties, putting in support strategies as required.
- Both data and teacher observation helps to inform the SENCo/LSC of pupils who may have a special educational need (SEN) and need to be placed on the school's SEN register and/or pupils who may require access arrangements.
- The SENCo/LSC may then conduct further assessments to provide evidence to support an application for access arrangements.





Specialist evidence

In order to apply for some access arrangements:

- The SENCo/LSC's detailed information will be supported by specialist evidence confirming the candidate's disability.
- The specialist evidence is not required to recommend the access arrangement e.g. 25% extra time but to simply confirm the candidate's disability.





Exam Stress

- It is normal for most children to feel nervous or anxious about exams.
- Solely having "exam nerves" would not be an appropriate justification for applying for access arrangements.
- School may provide advice and support to all children prior to exams on how to cope with stress and use it positively.
- As parents, please endorse your child's sense of resilience and support their use of taught strategies to limit exam anxiety.
- > Encourage a "can do" attitude and a positive mind set in your child.





Useful websites for exam stress

- AQA—Student and parent support: managing exam stress
- Childline UK— Preparing for exams
- NHS—Coping with exam stress



